

Certified Passive House Component

For cool, temperate climates, valid until 31 December 2018

Category: Heat recovery unit

Manufacturer: Wolf GmbH

D-84048 Mainburg, GERMANY

Product name: CKL-iH-3000, CKL-iV-3000

This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria:

Thermal comfort	θ _{supply air} ≥ 16.5 °C at θ _{outdoor air} = -10 °C		
Effective heat recovery rate	η _{HR,eff} ≥ 75%		
Electric power consumption	P _{el} ≤ 0.45 Wh/m³		
Performance number	≥ 10		
Airtightness	Interior and exterior air leakage rates less than 3% of nominal air flow rate		
Balancing and adjustability	Air flow balancing possible: yes Automated air flow balancing: yes		
Sound insulation	It is assumed that large ventilation units are installed in a separate building services room.		
	Sound levels documented in the appendix of this certificate		
Indoor air quality	Outdoor air filter F7 Extract air filter G4		
Frostprotection	Frost protection required Different strategies mentioned in the appendix of this certificate		

1) Available pressure difference with installed filter: 224 Pa

Additional components (e.g. heater coil) decrease the available pressure difference accordingly.

Further information can be found in the appendix of this certificate.

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
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Certified for air flow rates of 1010 – 2480 m³/h

At an external pressure of **281 Pa** ¹⁾ Requirements non residential buildings

(Therewith device also applicable for residential building)

η_{HR,eff} 84% (1725 / 2480 m³/h)

η_{HR,eff} 86% (1090 m³/h)

Electric power consumption 0.43 Wh/m³

Performance number 10.1





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Manufacturer Wolf GmbH

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Passive House comfort criterion

A minimum supply air temperature of 16.5 °C is maintained at an external air temperature of -4 °C without activated frost protection. It is assumed that at outdoor air temperatures below -4 °C the frost protection strategy is active.

Effective heat recovery rate

The effective dry heat recovery efficiency is measured at the test facility with balanced mass flows on the external air/extract air side. The boundary conditions for the measurement are defined in the testing procedure.

$$\eta_{_{HR,eff}} = \frac{(\mathcal{G}_{_{\rm ETA}} - \mathcal{G}_{_{\rm EHA}}) + \frac{\mathrm{P}_{_{\rm el}}}{\mathrm{m} \cdot \mathrm{c}_{_{\mathrm{p}}}}}{(\mathcal{G}_{_{\rm ETA}} - \mathcal{G}_{_{\rm ODA}})}$$

The (dry) ventilation heating load (building is the system boundary: Plus Infiltration) can be calculated:

$$Q_{Ventilatin,dry} = V \cdot (100\% - \eta_{HR,eff}) \cdot 0.34\Delta \mathcal{G}$$

In case of condensation the heat recovery rate usually is higher. For the thermodynamic testing air conditions are chosen which exclude condensation. The heat recovery rate of this device amounts to:

 $\eta_{HR.eff}$ = 84% (measurement points 1725 / 2480 m³/h)

 $\eta_{HR,eff}$ = 86% (measurement point 1090 m³/h)

Air flow range and external pressure difference

The operational range of the device results from the efficiency criterion (see below). As per the certification criteria for ventilation units > 600 m³/h the applicable pressure differences vary with the nominal range of operation (as declared by the producer) and the application (residential or non-residential building)

The external pressure difference includes all pressure losses of the ventilation system caused by components apart from the tested unit (consisting of casing, heat exchanger and fans). If filters are installed inside of the unit, their pressure losses are to be reduced accordingly. The average filter pressure drop of an operational filter is assumed to be 30% higher than of the clean filter.

• This device was tested according to the requirements of non-residential buildings with an air flow range of 1010 – 2480 m³/h at an external pressure difference of 281 Pa. The available pressure difference with installed filters is about **224 Pa**

Efficiency criterion (power consumption)

The overall electrical power consumption of the device including controllers was measured at the test facility as per the requirements for non-residential buildings at an external pressure difference of 281 Pa. The measurements lead to a value of:

0.43 Wh/m³



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Based on the measured values for the calculation of heat recovery efficiency and power consumption and on the climatic data of middle Europe (Gt: 84 kKh, heating time: 5400 h/a), an average performance number at the air flow range was determined:

✓ Performance number: 10.1

Air tightness and insulation

The air tightness of the unit is tested for under pressure and over pressure before the thermodynamic test is conducted. As per the certification criteria the leakage air flows must not exceed 3 % of the average air flow of the device's operating range.

Following leakage rates were measured:

Internal leakage: 2.0% External leakage: 0.8%

This appliance meets the air tightness requirements.

Balancing and adjustability

The ventilation unit must provide the opportunity to adjust the balance between the exhaust and outdoor air flow (unit located inside of the thermal envelope) or the extract and supply air flow (unit located outside of the thermal envelope). Possible operation modes are explained in detail in the operation manual.

- Balancing the air flow rates of the unit is possible
 - ✓ the air flow rates are hold steady automatically (by measurement of pressure differences at the fan's injections)
- The standby consumption of this ventilation appliance is 16 W. In order to avoid unnecessary standby losses a manual switch for complete disconnection from supply should be installed.
- After a power failure the device automatically continues to operate in the mode that was set before the power failure.

Acoustic testing

A ventilation unit > 600 m³/h is assumed to be operated in an installation room, for which sound limits are defined in the applicable regulations. For this device following sound level values have been derived from the measurements at an air flow rate of **2400 m³/h**:

Sound level unit	Sound level ODA	Sound level SUP	Sound level ETA	Sound level EHA
[dB(A)]	[dB(A)]	[dB(A)]	[dB(A)]	[dB(A)]
57.8	56.3	79.2	56.8	80.1

• In order to not exceed sound level limits silencers might be required and need to be dimensioned as per the project requirements and on basis of these sound levels.



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Indoor air quality

This device is equipped with following filter qualities:

- ✓ Outdoor air filter F7
- ✓ Extract air filter M5

If the device is not operated during summer, the filter should be replaced before the next operation. The producer of the device has to ensure that based on the latest state of knowledge room air hygiene can be maintained by means of integrated or obligatory components

For the operation of ventilation systems a strategy for avoiding permanent moisture penetration of the outdoor air filter need to be considered. The strategies are mentioned in the full report and can be implemented through installations of either additional component of the ventilation device or on the ventilation site system.

Frost protection

Appropriate measures must be provided in order to avoid icing inside the heat exchanger and freezing of the hydraulic post-heater coil during winter at extreme temperatures (-15°C). The actual function of the ventilation device must not be impaired by the regular operation of the frost protection system. A sufficient air supply must be provided with balanced air flows. Infiltration due to excess extract air would cause an unacceptable heat load. For the frost protection of the hydraulic post-heater coil the failure of a pre-heater coil or the exhaust air fan needs to be considered.

- Frost protection circuit for the heat exchanger:
 - ✓ The device is equipped with an outdoor-supply air bypass, which is controlled continuously by the
 exhaust and the outdoor air temperature. The switch-on temperature of the frost protection is set
 at an outside temperature of -3 °C (factory setting). A heating coil is however mandatory for this
 strategy in order to maintain comfortable supply air temperatures. The manufacturer offers two
 different hydraulic heating coils (integrated / downstream) and an electric heating coil.

The Passive House Institute recommends to install the frost protection strategy with hydraulic heater coil which is primary energetically favorable.

- Frost protection circuit for post heater coil:
 - ✓ As described in the technical manual this appliance shuts down both the fans if the supply temperature drops below +5 °C behind the heater coil (changeable factory setting).
 - ✓ To eliminate the free circulation the device is equipped with valves in the exhaust air and outdoor air. The valves of the tightness class K2 close automatically when the fans are standing.

Bypass of the heat recovery

A summer bypass of the heat recovery is part of this appliance. It is applicable for night ventilation strategies in order to dissipate heat. The fans cause a temperature raise of 1 K (at ODA 16°C / EHA 24°C). The effectiveness of the bypass for night cooling has been tested.

Abbreviations: ODA = Outdoor air, EHA = Exhaust air, SUP = Supply air, ETA = Extract air