

## **Certificate**

### **Certified Passive House component**

for cool, temperate climate, valid until 31.12.2016

Category: Inclined Curtain Wall

Manufacturer: JET Brakel Aero GmbH

46562 Voerde, GERMANY

Product name: BA5/6 PH, Glasdach

The following comfort criteria were used in awarding this certificate:

Given a Ug value of 0.7 W/(m<sup>2</sup>K) and an element size of 1.23 m by 2.50 m,

 $U_{CWi} = 0.82 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K}) \le 1,00 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K})$ 

Taking into account the installation based thermal bridges, and provided that the installation is, with regard to the thermal bridges, equal or better than shown in the data sheet, the facede meets the following criterion.

 $U_{CWi,installed} \leq 1.00 W/(m^2K)$ 

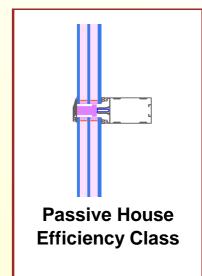
### Thermal data of the construction

|   | U <sub>f</sub> -value  | Width | Ψ <sub>g</sub> | f <sub>Rsi=0.25</sub> |
|---|------------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------------|
|   | [W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)] | [mm]  | [W/(mK)]       | [-]                   |
| Spacer  |                        |       | Swissp         | acer V*               |
| Transom (t)   | 0.99                   | 60    | 0.040          | 0.81                  |
| Mullion (m)   | 0.98                   | 60    | 0.040          | 0.61                  |
| Thermal glass carrier bridge χ <sub>GT</sub> [W/K]: |                        |       |                | 0.010                 |

\*Spacers of lower thermal quality, especially those made of aluminium, lead to significantly higher thermal losses and lower temperature factors.

Further information see data sheet

Passive House Institute Dr. Wolfgang Feist 64283 Darmstadt GERMANY



phA advanced component

phB basic component

phC certifiable component

not suitable for Passive Houses

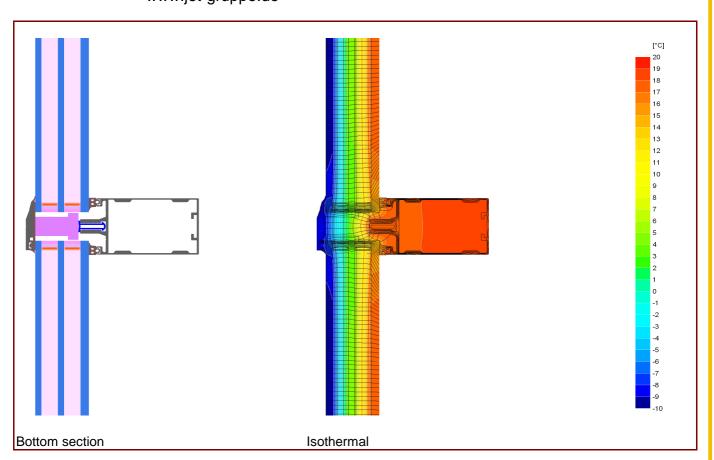




Data Sheet JET Brakel Aero GmbH, BA5/6 PH, Glasdach

Manufacturer JET Brakel Aero GmbH

46562 Voerde, GERMANY Tel.: +49 (0)281 404-0 www.jet-gruppe.de



### **Description**

Aluminium construction with covering- and pressure-strip from aluminium. PE-foam and styrodur insulator in the glazing rebate. Screws themallly seperated by ABS. Used Pane: 52 mm (6/16/6/16/8), intersection of the Glass: 16 mm. Used spacer: Swisspacer V

### Thermal data

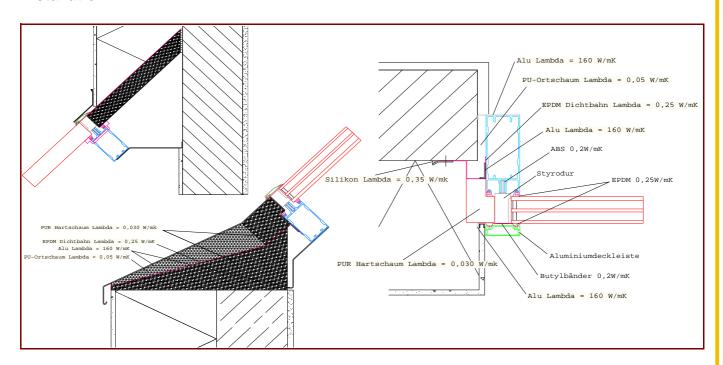
|   |  | U <sub>f</sub> -value | Width | Ψg            | f <sub>Rsi=0.25</sub> |
|---|--|-----------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------------|
|   |  | $[W/(m^2K)]$          | [mm]  | [W/(mK)]      | [-]                   |
| Spacer  |  |                       |       | Swisspacer V* |                       |
| Transom (t)   |  | 0.99                  | 60    | 0.040         | 0.81                  |
| Mullion (m)   |  | 0.98                  | 60    | 0.040         | 0.61                  |
| -   |  |                       |       |               |                       |
| -   |  |                       |       |               |                       |
| Thermal glass carrier bridge χ <sub>GT</sub> [W/K]: |  |                       |       | 0.010         |                       |
| 1: Determined by 3D thermal flux simul. (PHI)       |  |                       |       |               |                       |
| 2: Determined by 3D thermal flux. Simul. (PHI)      |  |                       |       |               |                       |

<sup>\*</sup> Spacers of lower thermal quality leading to higher thermal losses and lower temperatures.

# PHI

### Data Sheet JET Brakel Aero GmbH, BA5/6 PH, Glasdach

#### Installation



## Installation based thermal bridge $\Psi_{\text{instal.}}$ in Passive House suitable walls

| Position                 |           | EIFS   |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------|--|
| Bottom                   | [W/(mK)]  | 0.114  |  |
| Side                     | [W/(mK)]  | -0.001 |  |
| U <sub>CW,instaled</sub> | [W/(m²K)] | 0.87   |  |

### **Explanatory notes**

The facade-U-values were calculated based on a 1.20 m by 2.50 m element  $U_g = 0.73$  W/(m<sup>2</sup>K). If an other glazing is used, the facade U-value changes as follow:

| <b>U</b> Glazing | $\mathbf{U_g}$ [W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)]             | 0.70 | 0.80 | 1.20 |
|------------------|---|------|------|------|
| U Facade         | $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{CW}}$ [W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)] | 0.82 | 0.91 | 1.28 |

Depending on the thermal losses through opaque elements, transparent components are categorised according to efficiency classes. These thermal losses include the losses through the frame, multiplied by its width, the thermal bridge at the edge bond as well as the length of the edge bond.

Please ask the manufacturer for a detailed report containing all calculations and results.

For further information, please visit www.passivehouse.com or www.passipedia.org.